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Casino Gambling.

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Office of the Secretary of State
March Fong Eu

1230 J Street
Sacramento, California 95814

ELECTIONS DIVISION
(916) 445-0820
For Hearing and Speech Impaired
Only:
(800) 833-8683

#620

January 3, 1994

TO ALL REGISTRARS OF VOTERS, OR COUNTY CLERKS, AND PROPONENTS (94003)

Pursuant to Section 3513 of the Elections Code, we transmit herewith a copy of the Title and Summary prepared by the Attorney General on a proposed Initiative Measure entitled:

**CASINO GAMBLING.
INITIATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.**

Circulating and Filing Schedule

1. Minimum number of signatures required 615,958
Cal. Const., Art. II, Sec. 8(b).
2. Official Summary Date Monday, 01/03/94
Elec. C., Sec. 3513.
3. Petition Sections:
 - a. First day Proponent can circulate Sections for
signatures Monday, 01/03/94
Elec. C., Sec. 3513.
 - b. Last day Proponent can circulate and file with
the county. All sections are to be filed at
the same time within each county Wednesday, 06/01/94
Elec. C., Secs. 3513, 3520(a)
 - c. Last day for county to determine total number of
signatures affixed to petition and to transmit total
to the Secretary of State Monday, 06/13/94

(If the Proponents file the petition with the county on a date prior to 06/01/94, the county has eight working days from the filing of the petition to determine the total number of signatures affixed to the petition and to transmit the total to the Secretary of State.) Elec. C., Sec. 3520(b).

- d. Secretary of State determines whether the total number of signatures filed with all county clerks meets the minimum number of required signatures, and notifies the counties Wednesday, 06/22/94*
- e. Last day for county to determine total number of qualified voters who signed the petition, and to transmit certificate with a blank copy of the petition to the Secretary of State Thursday, 08/04/94
- (If the Secretary of State notifies the county to determine the number of qualified voters who signed the petition on a date other than 06/22/94, the last day is no later than the thirtieth day after the county's receipt of notification.)
Elec. C., Sec. 3520(d), (e).
- f. If the signature count is more than 677,554 or less than 585,161 then the Secretary of State certifies the petition has qualified or failed, and notifies the counties. If the signature count is between 585,161 and 677,554 inclusive, then the Secretary of State notifies the counties using the random sampling technique to determine the validity of all signatures Sunday, 08/14/94*
- g. Last day for county to determine actual number of all qualified voters who signed the petition, and to transmit certificate with a blank copy of the petition to the Secretary of State Tuesday, 09/27/94
- (If the Secretary of State notifies the county to determine the number of qualified voters who have signed the petition on a date other than 08/14/94, the last day is no later than the thirtieth working day after county's receipt of notification.)
Elec. C., Sec. 3521(b), (c).
- h. Secretary of State certifies whether the petition has been signed by the number of qualified voters required to declare the petition sufficient Saturday, 10/01/94*

* Date varies based on receipt of county certification.

**CASINO GAMBLING.
INITIATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.
January 3, 1994
Page 3**

4. The Proponents of the above-named measure are:

Robert Wilson	John Brown
11684 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 322	Brown & Martinez
Studio City, California 91604	300 Esplanade Drive, Suite 1820
	Oxnard, California 93030
	(805) 983-2238

5. Important Points:

- (a) California law prohibits the use of signatures, names and addresses gathered on initiative petitions for any purpose other than to qualify the initiative measure for the ballot. This means that the petitions cannot be used to create or add to mailing lists or similar lists for any purpose, including fund raising or requests for support. Any such misuse constitutes a crime under California law. Elections Code section 29770; Bilofsky v. Deukmejian (1981) 123 Cal.App. 3d 825, 177 Cal.Rptr. 621; 63 Ops. Cal.Atty.Gen. 37 (1980).**
- (b) Please refer to Elections Code sections 41, 41.5, 44, 3501, 3507, 3508, 3517, and 3519 for appropriate format and type consideration in printing, typing, and otherwise preparing your initiative petition for circulation and signatures. Please send a copy of the petition after you have it printed. This copy is not for our review or approval, but to supplement our file.**
- (c) Your attention is directed to the campaign disclosure requirements of the Political Reform Act of 1974, Government Code section 81000 et seq.**
- (d) When writing or calling state or county elections officials, provide the official title of the initiative which was prepared by the Attorney General. Use of this title will assist elections officials in referencing the proper file.**
- (e) When a petition is presented to the county elections official for filing by someone other than the proponent, the required authorization shall include the name or names of the persons filing the petition.**
- (f) When filing the petition with the county elections official, please provide a blank petition for elections official use.**

**NOTE TO PROPONENTS WHO WISH TO QUALIFY FOR THE NOVEMBER 8, 1994
GENERAL ELECTION: This initiative must be certified for the ballot 131 days before the election (June 30, 1994). Please remember to time your submissions accordingly. For example, in order to allow the maximum time permitted by law for the random sample verification process, it is suggested that proponents file their petitions to county elections officials by April 22, 1994. If a 100% check of signatures is necessary, it is advised that the petitions be filed by March 2, 1994.**

Sincerely,



**CATHY MITCHELL
INITIATIVE COORDINATOR**

Attachment: POLITICAL REFORM ACT OF 1974 REQUIREMENTS

DANIEL E. LUNGREN
Attorney General

State of California
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE



1515 K STREET, SUITE 511
P.O. Box 944255
SACRAMENTO, CA 94244-2550
(916) 445-9555

(916) 324-5490

January 3, 1994

Honorable March Fong Eu
Secretary of State
1230 J Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of the State of California

JAN 9 3 1994

MARCH FONG EU, Secretary of State
By CB Mitchell Deputy

Re: Initiative Title and Summary
Subject: CASINO GAMBLING. INITIATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.
File No: SA 93 RF 0040

Dear Mrs. Eu:

Pursuant to the provisions of sections 3503 and 3513 of the Elections Code, you are hereby notified that on this day we mailed to the proponents of the above-identified proposed initiative our title and summary.

Enclosed is a copy of our transmittal letter to the proponents, a copy of our title and summary, a declaration of mailing thereof, and a copy of the proposed measure.

According to information available in our records, the names and addresses of the proponents is as stated on the declaration of mailing.

Sincerely,

DANIEL E. LUNGREN
Attorney General

Kathleen F. DaRosa
KATHLEEN F. DaROSA
Initiative Coordinator

KFD:ms
Enclosures

Date: January 3, 1994
File No: SA93RF0040

The Attorney General of California has prepared the following title and summary of the chief purpose and points of the proposed measure:

CASINO GAMBLING. INITIATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT. Creates experimental gaming project for City of Adelanto, expandable to other counties after 28 years. Repeals conflicting constitutional, statutory prohibitions against casino gambling. Establishes three-member gaming commission appointed by Governor for four-year terms, with specified powers, duties, salaries, staff. Mandates Legislature to enact specified gaming laws. Authorizes City of Adelanto to permit gaming locally. Prohibits gaming without city license and state permit. Requires permittees to pay initial fee of \$225,000 for deposit in General Fund, annually thereafter, for the purpose of lowering taxes. Limits Indian gaming to one reservation to be selected by tribes. Summary of estimate by Legislative Analyst and Director of Finance of fiscal impact on state and local governments: Could result in up to tens of millions of dollars annually in state revenue and potentially millions of dollars annually in local revenues to the City of Adelanto, San Bernardino County, and to localities near an Indian gaming reservation to be selected, from taxes on casino operations and associated economic activity. Some of the state revenue gain would be offset by reduced lottery and horse racing revenues and by regulatory costs.

**THE LAW OFFICES OF
BROWN & MARTINEZ**
300 Esplanade Drive
Suite 1820
Oxnard, California 93030
(805) 983-2238 (805) 647-4636

*John Brown
Victor S. Martinez*

Fax (805) 983-3418

October 28, 1993

RECEIVED
NOV 9 1993

Daniel Lungren
Attorney General
State of California

INITIATIVE COORDINATOR
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE

RE: SUMMARY AND TITLE OF CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Dear General Lungren:


Robert W. Wilson and John Brown, as proponents, submit the attached initiative proposing an amendment to the California Constitution.

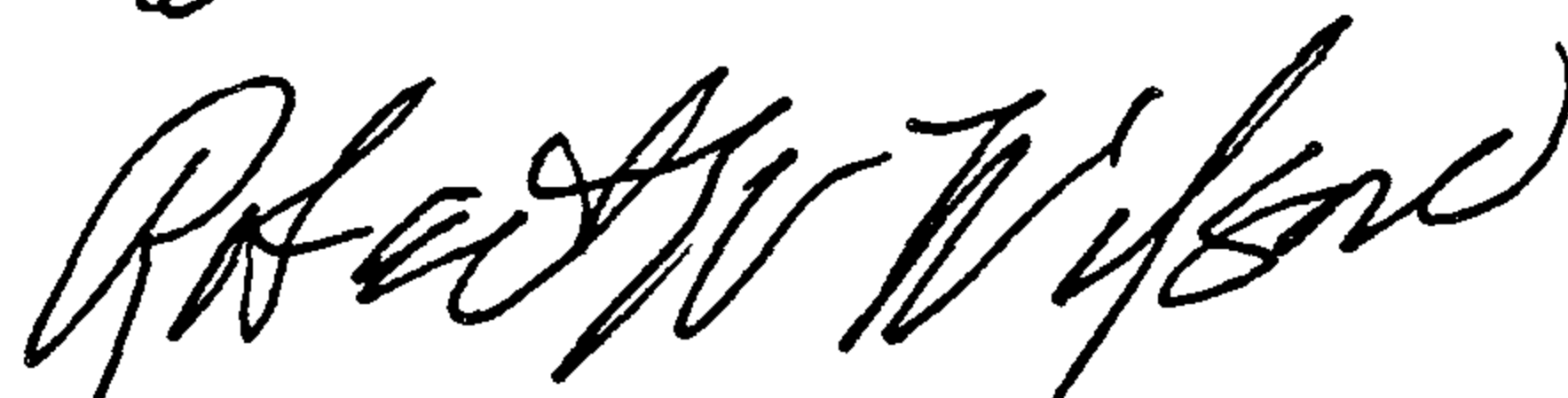
Subject: Gaming

We request that you prepare a summary and title of said initiative in accordance with the provisions of the election code.

Enclosed is a \$200.00 certified check as required.

Very truly yours,


JOHN BROWN


ROBERT W. WILSON

TO THE HONORABLE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CALIFORNIA

We, the undersigned, registered, qualified electors of California, residents of _____ County, hereby propose amendments to the Constitution of California a new article and subsection designated Article IV, Section 19, Sub-section (F), which shall immediately follow Article IV, Section 19, Sub-section (E), relating to the People's Experimental gaming Act and petition the Secretary of State to submit the same to the electors of California for their adoption or rejection at the next succeeding general election or at any special statewide election held prior to that general election or otherwise provided by law. The proposed constitutional amendments (full title and text of the measure) reads as follows:

ARTICLE IV, SECTION 19, SUB-SECTION (F) PEOPLE'S GAMING ACT

SECTION 1 In December, 1992, the Governor's Office of Planning and Research, State of California published a report regarding, among other things, the competitive effects of legalized gambling. The executive summary of this report is quoted, in part, as follows: "In the midst of continued (and justified) concern over the emigration of businesses and productive taxpayers out of California, another, long-standing migration has been overlooked. That is the migration of dollars out of California to the casinos of Nevada. Many of the tax advantages which Nevada businesses and individuals enjoy in their competition with California, and which benefit Nevada in its competition to attract them, exist because of the enormous subsidy that Californians provide to Nevada through their gambling patronage. That patronage allows Nevada to function without any taxes on income (corporate or personal), franchises, or property. Thus Nevada derives an enormous competitive advantage from its monopoly on legal gambling. While surveys consistently find that high taxes are among the chief reasons businesses leave California, Nevada still has no business or personal income tax. It is not only productive businesses and employers who place the state at risk by leaving, it is productive citizens and employees. Young California families burdened by expensive housing and high taxes are also leaving the State. Gambling by Californians pumps nearly \$3.8 billion per year into Nevada, and probably adds about \$8.8 billion--and 196,000 jobs--to the Nevada economy, counting the secondary employment it generates. This is a direct transfer of income and wealth from California to Nevada every year. California can no longer afford to casually give away such an enormous competitive advantage to a neighboring state. California loses in two ways: First, Californians spend over 1% of our Gross State Product annually in Nevada on gambling and gambling-related activities. Second, the state that is California's nearest competitor is able to fund many of its business (and thereby establish an extremely friendly "business climate") out of the spending of our own citizens. The money Californians spend in gambling and related tourism in Nevada is in a very real sense paying for the exodus of California jobs. Many of these jobs go to Nevada. The Reno-sparks area in particular has emerged as an inventory and distribution center for California because of its access to California highways and lack of inventory taxes. The same is true to a lesser degree of Las Vegas Thus, the strongest argument in

support of gambling is not strictly financial. The main motivation would be to deny our most pressing nearby competitor, Nevada, the free ride it gets from Californians' gambling dollars. Transfers of wealth from Nevadans back to Californians that are modest by our standards can be enormous by theirs, because of the nearly thirty-fold difference in population consideration should be given to some form of recapture of at least some of the revenues and competitive subsidy Californians provide to Nevada Some form of casino-type gambling might be authorized in isolated "intercept" locations close to the Nevada State line and far from California's own urban centers"

The purpose of this Article is to legalize Las Vegas and Atlantic City type gambling as defined in California Penal code, chapter 10, Section 330, in Adelanto, California, an "intercept" location relatively far from California's own urban centers and relatively close to the Nevada State line.

This proposed program provides for a pilot experimental program for a period of 28 years which limits gaming to the city of Adelanto, California, to the exclusion of all other cities, Counties and Indian Reservations with the exception of one Indian Reservation to be selected by their council which will also be conducted in accord with the experimental program described in this initiative within the State in order to prove or disprove the viability of the plan. The inclusion of a pilot experimental program on an Indian Reservation will only be effective should federal law mandate parity of the Indian's right to conduct gaming within the state. At the end of the experimental program, the legislature is free to extend gaming within the state or eliminate it entirely.

SECTION II The California Legislature shall provide for the regulation of Gaming as defined in Penal Code, Chapter 10, Section 330.

SECTION III This Article shall be cited and known as the PEOPLES GAMING ACT, and all reference to it shall be the same.

SECTION IV Recognizing the mandate of the people, the Legislature shall pass all laws reasonably necessary to implement the conduction of Gaming within the State.

SECTION V. After expiration of the twenty-eight (28) year period referred to in Section I of this Article, the Legislature shall have the power to extend the pilot experimental program to a time to be determined by it according with all rules, regulations, and conditions the legislature may have then prescribed or to confirm said Article for all counties of this State or eliminate gaming entirely should the pilot plan prove gaming not to be in the best interests of California.

SECTION VI Jurisdiction and supervision over Gaming in this State and over all persons or things having to do with the operation of Gaming is vested in the People's Gaming Act Commission. The People's Gaming Act commission shall consist of three members to be appointed by the governor. Each member shall have been a resident of this State for four years prior to the date of appointment. Each member shall hold office for a term of four years. Any vacancy shall be filled by the governor for the remainder of the term.

SECTION VII. The Governor may remove any People's Gaming Act Commission member for cause upon first giving him a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity to be heard. The members of the People's Gaming Act Commission shall

elect one of its members as Chairman. The People's Gaming Act Commission shall appoint such employees as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this law.

SECTION VIII. The salaries of the People's Gaming Act Commission members, the secretary, other employees, and all other necessary expenses to carry out the Gaming Measure shall be paid monthly out of the California State General Fund by the State Treasurer on the warrant of the State Controller and the certification of the chairman of the People's Gaming Act Commission.

The People's Gaming Act Commission shall establish and maintain a general office for the transaction of its business at a place to be determined by it. The People's Gaming Act Commission may hold meetings at any other place when the convenience of the members of the People's Gaming Act Commission requires.

All meetings of the People's Gaming Act Commission shall be open to the public and all persons shall be permitted to attend any meeting of the People's Gaming Act Commission.

A majority of the People's Gaming Act Commission constitutes a quorum for the transaction of its business or the exercise of any of its powers. The secretary shall keep a full and true record of all proceedings, books, documents, and papers of the board, prepare for service such notices and other papers as may be required by the People's Gaming Act Commission and perform such other duties as the People's Gaming Act Commission may prescribe.

All records of the People's Gaming Act Commission shall be open to inspection by the public during regular business hours.

The Legislature shall give the People's Gaming Act Commission all powers necessary and proper to enable it to carry out fully and effectively the purposes of this law.

SECTION IX. Gaming is to be treated as a pilot experimental program as set forth in Section I and Section V of this Article for a period of twenty-eight (28) years.

San Bernardino County shall be the only county and the City of Adelanto within said county shall be the only city for this pilot program. Consequently the geographical area where gaming shall be permitted according to the provisions of the People's Gaming Act shall be limited to the city boundaries of the city of Adelanto, County of San Bernardino, State of California and nowhere else in California.

The Legislature shall pass all laws reasonably necessary to implement the legalization and conducting of gaming as presently proscribed by State Penal Code, Chapter 10, Section 330 including Slot Machines, Card Dice, Dice, Punchboard, Pool Selling, Faro, Monte, Roulette, Lansquenet, Rouge et Noire, Rondo, Tan, Fan-Tan, Seven-and-a-Half, Twenty-One Black Jack, Hokey-Pokey, or any banking or percentage game played with cards, dice or any device for money, checks, credit or other representations of value.

The city named shall have the exercise of local option permitting Gaming, as set forth in this Measure relating to city location.

The People's Gaming Act Commission shall issue permits for Gaming at the request of the City Council of the City of Adelanto. It shall be unlawful for any person, persons, corporation, association or other legal entity to conduct Gaming in this State without a city license and a permit from the People's Gaming Act Commission of this State.

The city named shall adopt a city ordinance providing for a full-time five (5) man

commission appointed by its City Council for the purpose of creating a universal screening-licensing Commission of the City to investigate applicants for a Gaming License; supervising of Gaming in the City; and establishing its own licensing and tax fees.

The People's Gaming Act Commission shall issue as many permits as the City of Adelanto requests for Gaming.

SECTION X. Thirty days after the issuance of a permit for Gaming, the permittee shall pay to the People's Gaming Act Commission the sum of Two Hundred Twenty-Five Thousand (\$225,000.00) Dollars as a permit fee which shall be paid into the State General Fund. The permittee shall pay said permit fee annually thereafter. All revenues derived for the State from this Article are for the purposes of lowering taxation on the people of the State of California and all permit fees shall be paid into the State General Fund.

SECTION XI

It is hereby declared to be the policy of this State that all establishments where gambling games are conducted or are operated or where gambling devices are operated in the State of California shall: be licensed by the City of Adelanto, granted a permit from the People's Gaming Act Commission, and be controlled so as to protect the public health, safety, morals, good order, and general welfare of the inhabitants of the State of California.

SECTION XII DEFINITIONS

Banking Game: A game in which the "house" or "bank" is a participant in the game, taking all comers, paying all winners, and collecting from all losers.

Percentage Game: Any game of chance from which the house collects money calculated as a portion of wagers made or sums won and played, exclusive of charges or fees for use of space and facilities.

"Game" "Gambling Game": Any banking or percentage game played with cards, dice or any device for money, checks, credit, or other representative of value including faro, monte, roulette, lansquenet, rouge et noir, rondo, tan, fan-tan, seven-and-a-half, twenty-one, hokey-pokey, peno, bingo, craps, stud poker, draw poker or slot machine.

"Gaming Device" : Any mechanical contrivance or machine used in connection with Gaming or any Game.

"Gaming," "Gambling" : Dealing, operating, carrying on, conducting, maintaining or exposing for play any Game as defined in Penal Code, Chapter 10, Section 330 and elsewhere in the People's Gaming Act.

"Gaming License" : Any license issued by the City of Adelanto or any political subdivision thereof pursuant to this Measure or Section which authorizes the person named therein to engage in Gaming.

"Gaming Permits" : Any permit issued by the People's Gaming Act Commission which authorizes the person named therein to engage in Gaming.

"Person" : Any association, corporation, firm, partnership, trust or other form of business association as well as a natural person.

"City": Any incorporated or unincorporated city or town.

SECTION XIII. All provisions of the Constitution of the State of California and the laws of the State of California in conflict with or inconsistent with the provisions hereof are hereby repealed. If any portion, section or clause of this Article shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid, such declaration or adjudication shall not affect the remainder of this Article.

SECTION XIV. The Legislature shall pass all laws necessary to effect operation of this Measure. It shall take effect five days after the date of the official declaration of the vote by the Secretary of State. and become operative upon the first day of the first month after the date of the official declaration of the vote.

SECTION XV. The provisions of this Article are self-executing.

